Multilingualism in Prefrontal Cortex Activity when Confronted by Nonsensical Speech Patterns

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Introduction

Background

- Bilinguals activate distinct areas of their brain while processing language
- Distinction relies on degree
 of difference between
 languages spoken
 - Languages with the same alphabet (ex. English and French) won't activate distinct cortical areas while languages with different lexical morphologies (ex. English and Chinese) will
 - Latter group exhibits
 bilateral activation
 when reading
 pseudowords while
 former does not

Objective

Determine whether activity in the prefrontal cortex differs between monolinguals and polyglots when instructed to produce a nonsensical speech pattern

Results

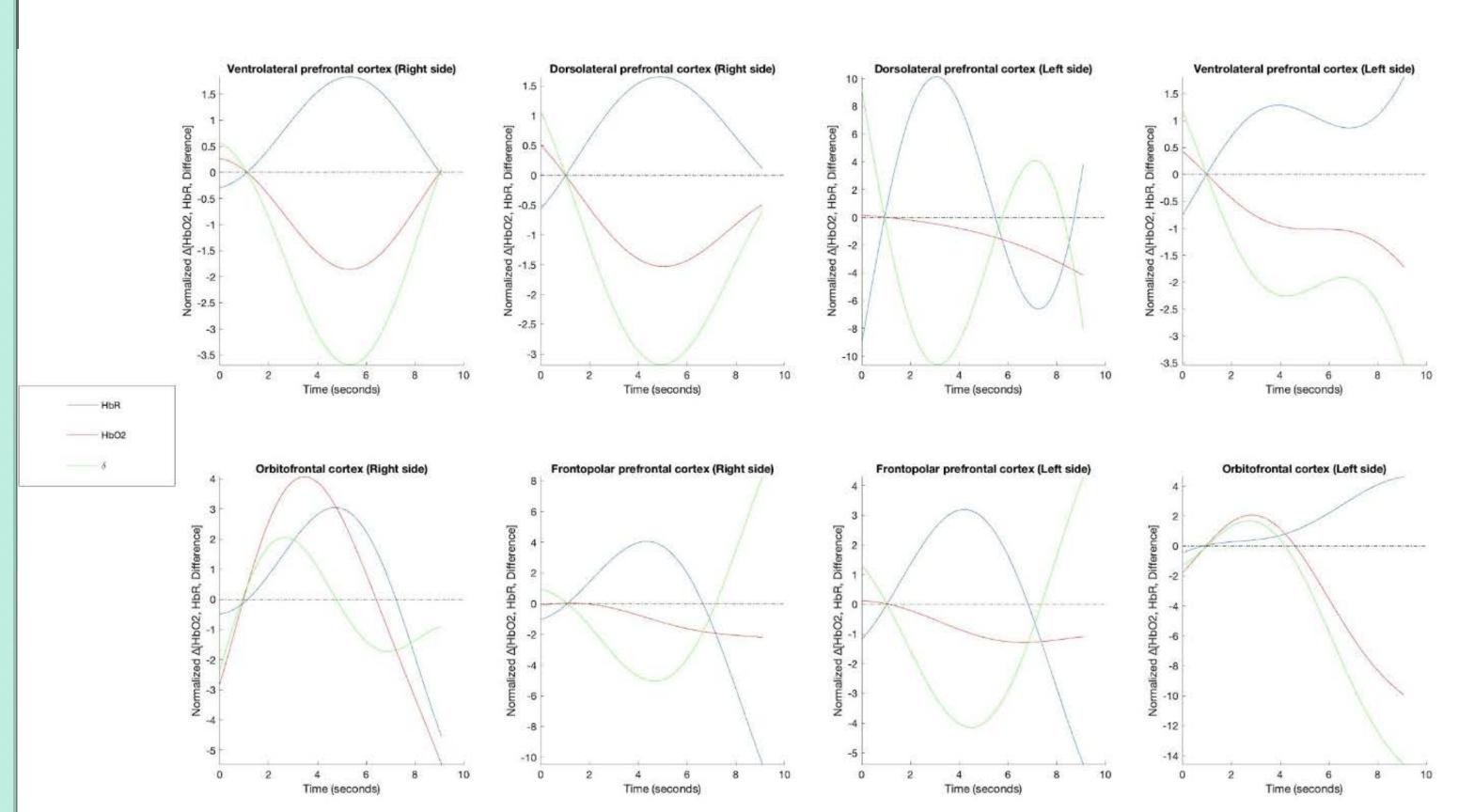


Figure 3: Prefrontal Cortex activity in a bilingual while performing task 18

Language status was not a significant predictor of total brain activity while speaking and singing nonsensical speech patterns, F(6, 15) = 1.063a, p=0.429; Pillai's Trace=0.313, partial $\eta 2 = .313$.

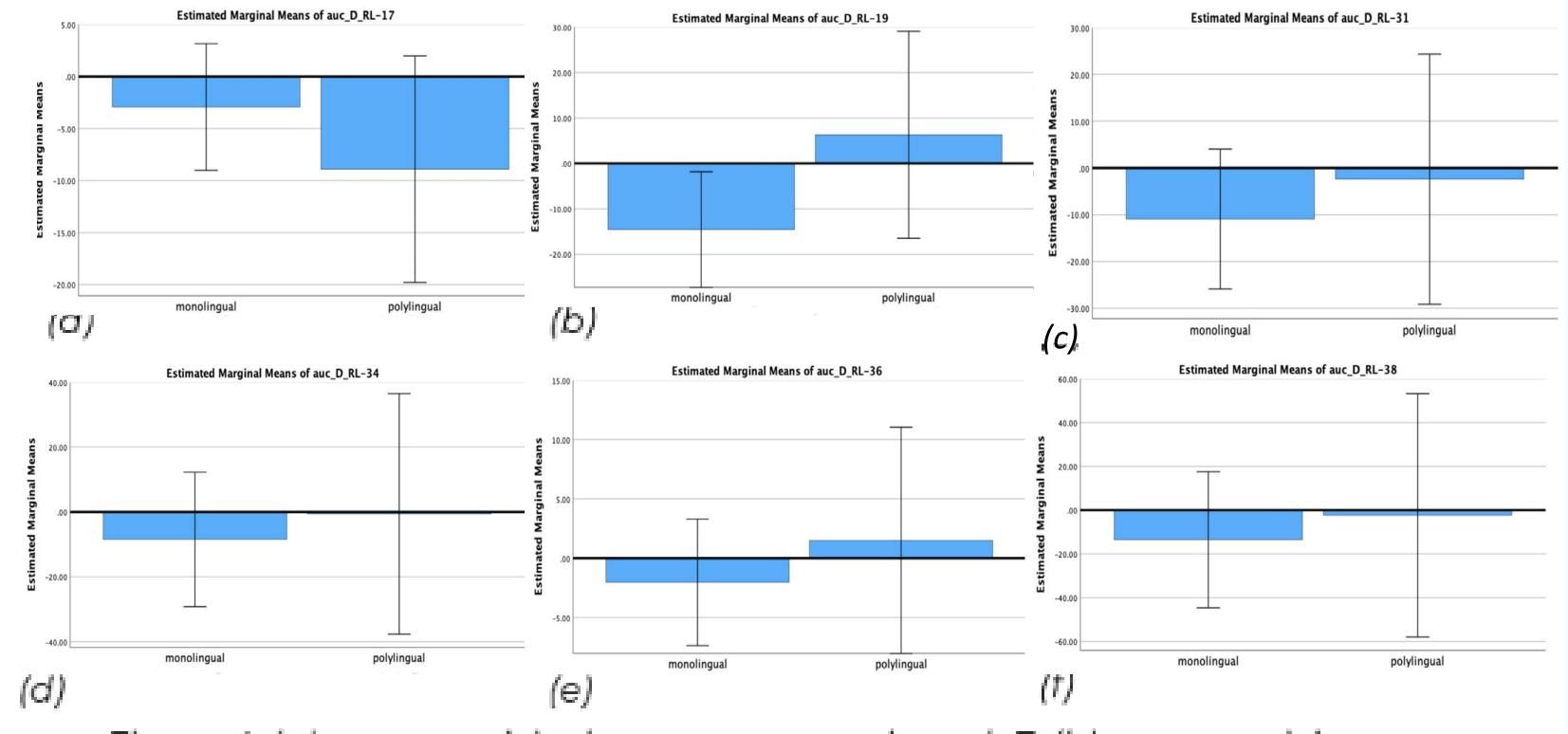


Figure 4: (a) mean activity between groups in task 7, (b) mean activity between groups in task 9, (c) mean activity between groups in task 11, (d) mean activity between groups in task 14, (e) mean activity between groups in task 16, (f) mean activity between groups in task 18

Conclusions

Discussion

- No significant difference in total amount of brain activity between monolinguals and bilinguals
 - Executive function in young adults is at its peak, explaining the absence of variation in total brain activity
- Substantial margins of error in bilingual group denotes that brain activation could vary depending on the language an individual spoke besides English

Limitations

- Small sample size of both groups could have led to insignificant results
- Bilinguals' language spoken besides
 English unknown

Future Directions

- Performing similar experiment in a larger sample of young adults
 - Controlling for second language spoken
 - Monitoring separate regions rather than total brain activity

References

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Methods

Measures

- Participants instructed to speak and sing random words and pseudowords (Tasks 7, 9, 11, 14, 16, 18)
- fNIRS headband measured Blood Oxygen Level Dependent (BOLD) activity in 8 areas of the prefrontal cortex



Figure 1: List of Tasks completed by subjects

Participants

16 English monolinguals and 5 bilinguals

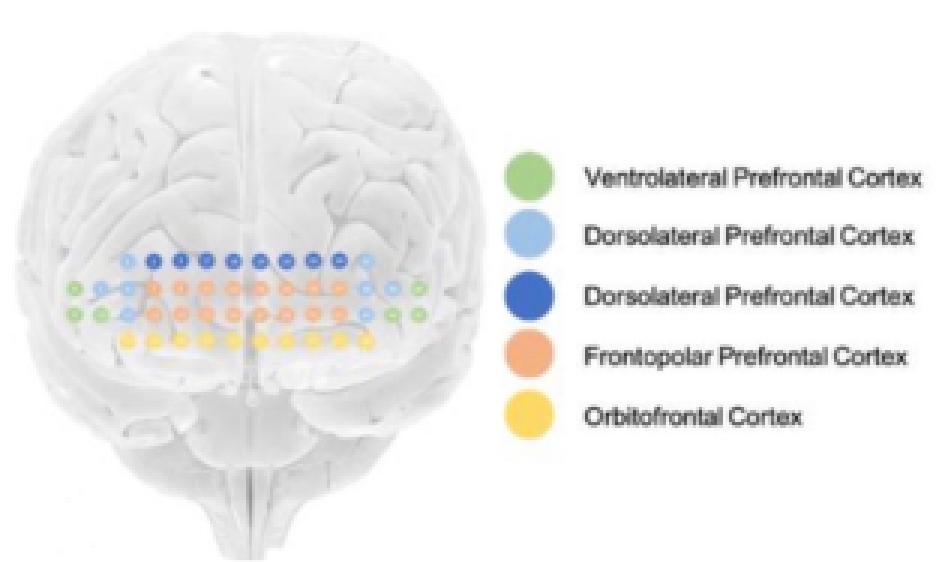


Figure 2: 8 regions measured in the prefrontal cortex

Data Analysis

- Raw data processed through NIRSIT to retrieve graphs
- One–way MANOVA through SPSS